### The University of the State of New York The State Education Department



# OVERVIEW OF SCHOOL PERFORMANCE IN ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS, MATHEMATICS, AND SCIENCE AND

#### ANALYSIS OF STUDENT SUBGROUP PERFORMANCE

for

Albany High School

in

**Albany City School District** 

April 2006

#### THE UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

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School Report Card Coordinator Information and Reporting Services Team New York State Education Department Room 863 EBA 89 Washington Avenue Albany, NY 12234

E-mail: RPTCARD@mail.nysed.gov

The New York State School Report Card is an important part of the Board of Regents effort to raise learning standards for all students. It provides information to the public on student performance and other measures of school and district performance. Knowledge gained from the school report card on a school's strengths and weaknesses can be used to improve instruction and services to students.

The New York State School Report Card consists of three parts: the Overview of School Performance in English Language Arts, Mathematics, and Science and Analysis of Student Subgroup Performance, the Comprehensive Information Report, and the Accountability Status Report. The Overview and Analysis presents performance data on measures required by the federal No Child Left Behind Act: English, mathematics, science, and graduation rate. Performance data on other State assessments can be found in the Comprehensive Information Report. The Accountability Status Report provides information as to whether a school is making adequate progress toward enabling all students to achieve proficiency in English and mathematics.

State assessments are designed to help ensure that all students reach high learning standards. They show whether students are getting the foundation knowledge they need to succeed at the elementary, middle, and commencement levels and beyond. The State requires that students who are not making appropriate progress toward the standards receive academic intervention services.

In the *Overview*, performance on the elementary- and middle-level assessments in English language arts, mathematics, and science is reported in terms of mean scores and the percentage of students scoring at each of the four levels. These levels indicate performance on the standards from seriously deficient to advanced proficiency. Regents examination scores are reported in four score ranges. Scores of 65 to 100 are passing; scores of 55 to 64 earn credit toward a local diploma (with the approval of the local board of education). Though each elementary- and middle-level assessment is administered to students in a specific grade, secondary-level assessments are taken by students when they complete the coursework for the core curriculum. Therefore, the performance of students at the secondary level is measured for a student cohort rather than a group of students at a particular grade level. Students are grouped in cohorts according to the year in which they first entered grade 9.

The assessment data in the *Overview and Analysis* are for all tested students in the school, including general-education students and students with disabilities. In the *Overview*, each school's performance is compared with that of schools similar in grade level, district resources, and student needs as indicated by income and limited English proficiency (LEP) status. Each district's performance is compared with that of all public schools statewide. In the *Analysis*, performance is disaggregated by race/ethnicity, disability status, gender, LEP status, income level, and migrant status.

Explanations of terms referred to or symbols used in this part of the school report card may be found in the glossary on the last page. Further information on the school report card may be found in the guide, *Understanding Your School Report Card: April 2006*, available on the Information and Reporting Services Web site at www.emsc.nysed.gov/irts.

# Overview of School Performance in English Language Arts, Mathematics, and Science

#### School Profile

Principal: Michael Cioffi		Phone: (518)454-3987
Organization	Grade Range	Student Enrollment
2004–05	9-12	2659

2003-04 School District-wide Total Expenditure per Pupil	\$14,650
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Similar
<b>Schools</b>
Group

This school is in Similar Schools Group 45. All schools in this group are secondary level schools in urban or suburban school districts with high student needs in relation to district resources. The schools in this group are in the higher range of student needs for secondary level schools in these districts.

#### 2004-05 Core Classes Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers\*

Total Number of Core Classes	Percent Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers
681	94%

<sup>\*</sup>To meet the federal definition of "highly qualified," public school teachers of core academic subjects must have at least a bachelor's degree and be State certified for and demonstrate subject matter competency in the core academic subject(s) they teach.

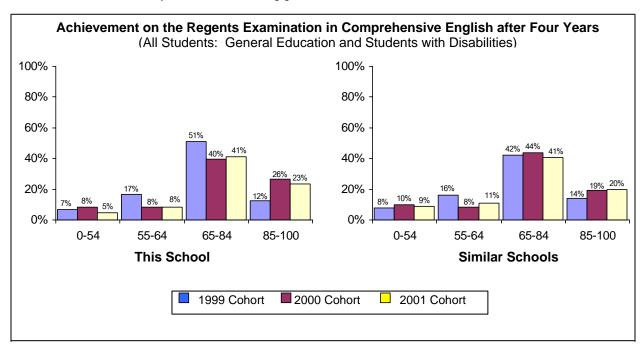
#### 2004-05 Teachers with No Valid Teaching Certificate\*

Total Number of Teachers	Percent with No Valid Teaching Certificate
190	2%

<sup>\*</sup>Includes teachers with a modified temporary license.

#### High School English Achievement after Four Years of Instruction

The graphs and tables below present performance of the 1999, 2000, and 2001 school accountability cohort members, four years after entering grade 9, in meeting the graduation assessment requirement in English. In the graph, students passing approved alternatives to this examination are counted as scoring in the 65 to 84 range. RCT results are not included in the graph. The data in these tables and charts show the performance of the cohorts as of June 30<sup>th</sup> of the fourth year after first entering grade 9.



Percentages less than 0.51 will appear as zero because of rounding.

English Graduation Requirement Achievement after Four Years of High School*									
	Cohort Members Highest Score Highest Score Highest Score Between 0 and 54 Highest Score Between 55 and 64 Highest Score Between 65 and 84 Highest Score Between 85 and 100 Alternative Credition								
1999 Cohort	426	29	72	217	53	0			
2000 Cohort	468	39	39	186	124	0			
2001 Cohort	538	25	44	222	125	0			

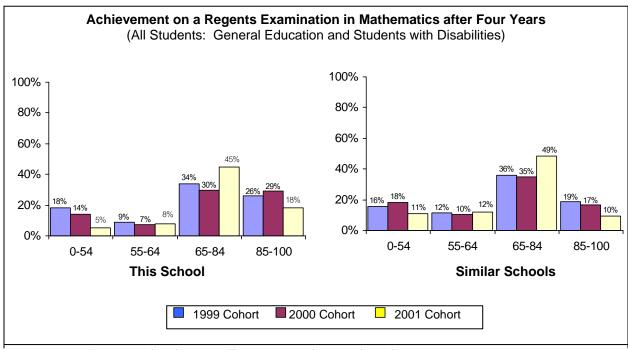
<sup>\*</sup>Assessments used to determine counts in this table include the Regents examination in comprehensive English, the component retest in English, and approved alternatives.

Performance of Students Who Took the Regents Competency Tests in Reading and Writing to Meet the Graduation Requirement*							
Passed the RCTs Failed RCT in Reading and/or Writing							
1999 Cohort	1	2					
2000 Cohort	3	7					
2001 Cohort	3	19					

<sup>\*</sup>Includes only students eligible for the safety net who did not score 55 or higher on the Regents examination or an approved alternative.

#### High School Mathematics Achievement after Four Years of Instruction

The graphs and tables below present performance of the 1999, 2000, and 2001 school accountability cohort members, four years after entering grade 9, in meeting the graduation assessment requirement in mathematics. In the graph, students passing approved alternatives to these examinations are counted as scoring in the 65 to 84 range. RCT results are not included in the graph. The data in these tables and charts show the performance of the cohorts as of June 30<sup>th</sup> of the fourth year after first entering grade 9.



Percentages less than 0.51 will appear as zero because of rounding.

Mathematics Graduation Requirement Achievement after Four Years of High School*								
	Cohort Members   Highest Score   Highest Score   Highest Score   Approx							
	All Students	Between 0 and 54	Between 55 and 64	Between 65 and 84	Between 85 and 100	Alternative Credit		
1999 Cohort	426	77	37	145	111	0		
2000 Cohort	468	65	33	139	136	0		
2001 Cohort	538	28	42	242	98	0		

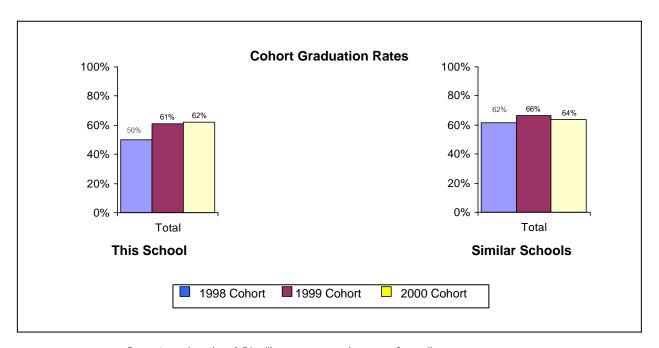
<sup>\*</sup>Assessments used to determine counts in this table include a Regents examination in mathematics, the component retest in mathematics and approved alternatives.

Performance of Students Who Took the Regents Competency Test in Mathematics to Meet the Graduation Requirement*							
Passed the RCT Failed at Least One RCT							
1999 Cohort	1	0					
2000 Cohort	20 5						
2001 Cohort	12	27					

<sup>\*</sup>Includes only students eligible for the safety net who did not score 55 or higher on the Regents examination or an approved alternative.

#### **Cohort Graduation Rates**

Students were counted as graduates if they earned a local diploma with or without a Regents endorsement by August 31<sup>st</sup> of the fourth year after first entering grade 9. The graduation-rate cohort includes students who transferred to general education development (GED) programs. These students were not counted in the 1998, 1999, and 2000 school accountability cohorts for English and mathematics.



Percentages less than 0.51 will appear as zero because of rounding.

Cohort Graduation Rates								
	Cohort Members* (a)	Graduation Rate Cohort Members (a+b)	Number Graduated					
1998 Cohort	402	35	437	219				
1999 Cohort	440	36	476	290				
2000 Cohort	508	43	551	341				

<sup>\*</sup>Count as of August 31st of the fourth year after first entering grade 9.

#### **Analysis of Student Subgroup Performance**

Historically, on State assessments the average performance of Black, Hispanic, and Native American students has been lower than that of White and Asian students. Similarly, students from low-income families have not performed as well as those from higher income families. A high priority of the Board of Regents is to eliminate these gaps in student performance. In addition, Title I of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act includes explicit requirements "to ensure that students served by Title I are given the same opportunity to achieve to high standards and are held to the same high expectations as all students in each State."

This section of the school report card provides performance data for two years by racial/ethnic group, disability status, gender, English proficiency status, income level, and migrant status. The purpose of the student subgroup analyses is to determine if students who perform below the standards in any school tend to fall into particular groups, such as minority students, limited English proficient students, or economically disadvantaged students. If these analyses provide evidence that students in one of the groups achieve at a lower level than other students, the school and community should examine the reasons for this lower performance and make necessary changes in curriculum, instruction, and student support services to remedy these performance gaps. If your school did not report data for the 2004–05 school year for a subject and grade, a table showing data for subgroups in that subject and grade will not be included in the *Analysis*.

#### 2000 and 2001 High School Cohorts

General-education students who first entered ninth grade in 2000 or 2001 must score 55 or higher on Regents English and mathematics examinations to graduate. During the phase-in of the Regents examination graduation requirements, all students (with district board of education approval) may qualify for a local diploma by earning a score of 55–64 on the required Regents examinations; a score of 65 or higher is required for a Regents diploma. Students with disabilities and certain students with a Section 504 Accommodation Plan may qualify for a local diploma by passing Regents competency tests. The data in these tables show the performance of the cohorts as of June 30<sup>th</sup> of the fourth year after first entering grade 9.

Performance on the English Assessment Requirement for Graduation after Four Years of High School

	2000 Cohort				2001 Cohort					
		Count of Students by Score		Percent Meeting	Studente	Count of Students by Score			Percent Meeting	
Student Subgroup	Students	Regents		Pass-	Gradu-	Students in	Regents		Pass-	Gradua-
	in Cohort	55– 64	65– 100	ed RCTs	ation Require- ment	Cohort	55– 64	65– 100	ed RCTs	tion Require- ment
Results by Race/Ethnicity										
American Indian/Alaskan Native	1	S	S	S	S	6	0	5	0	83%
Black	223	26	113	3	64%	329	37	186	2	68%
Hispanic	44	4	27	0	70%	36	2	24	0	72%
Asian or Pacific Islander	15	s	s	s	s	18	1	13	1	83%
White	185	8	159	0	90%	149	4	119	0	83%
Total	468	39	310	3	75%	538	44	347	3	73%
Small Group Totals (s)	16	1	11	0	75%	0	0	0	0	0%
Results by Disability Status										
General-education students	419	32	302	0	80%	462	35	336	0	80%
Students with disabilities	49	7	8	3	37%	76	9	11	3	30%
Total	468	39	310	3	75%	538	44	347	3	73%
Results by Gender										
Female	250	25	171	0	78%	284	23	188	2	75%
Male	218	14	139	3	72%	254	21	159	1	71%
Total	468	39	310	3	75%	538	44	347	3	73%
Results by English Proficiency	/ Status									
English proficient	450	35	302	3	76%	521	42	339	3	74%
Limited English proficient	18	4	8	0	67%	17	2	8	0	59%
Total	468	39	310	3	75%	538	44	347	3	73%
Results by Income Level										
Economically disadvantaged	208	25	114	1	67%	247	32	139	0	69%
Not disadvantaged	260	14	196	2	82%	291	12	208	3	77%
Total	468	39	310	3	75%	538	44	347	3	73%
Results by Migrant Status							·			
Migrant family	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0%
Not migrant family	468	39	310	3	75%	538	44	347	3	73%
Total	468	39	310	3	75%	538	44	347	3	73%

## Performance on the Mathematics Assessment Requirement for Graduation after Four Years of High School

	2000 Cohort					2001 Cohort				
Student Subgroup		Count of Students by Score			Percent Meeting Gradu-	Students in	Count of Students by Score		Percent Meeting	
	Students in Cohort									
		Regents Pass-		Regents			Pass-	Gradua-		
		55- 6	65-	5– ed	ation Require-	Cohort	55-	65-	ed	tion Require-
		64	100	RCTs	ment		64	100	RCTs	ment
Results by Race/Ethnicity	I	<u>I</u>	l					ı	I	
American Indian/Alaskan Native	1	S	S	S	s	6	1	4	0	83%
Black	223	21	91	14	57%	329	32	182	7	67%
Hispanic	44	2	22	2	59%	36	3	21	1	69%
Asian or Pacific Islander	15	S	S	S	S	18	1	13	0	78%
White	185	8	152	4	89%	149	5	120	4	87%
Total	468	33	275	20	70%	538	42	340	12	73%
Small Group Totals (s)	16	2	10	0	75%	0	0	0	0	0%
Results by Disability Status										
General-education students	419	29	267	0	71%	462	36	329	0	79%
Students with disabilities	49	4	8	20	65%	76	6	11	12	38%
Total	468	33	275	20	70%	538	42	340	12	73%
Results by Gender										
Female	250	24	151	8	73%	284	24	182	5	74%
Male	218	9	124	12	67%	254	18	158	7	72%
Total	468	33	275	20	70%	538	42	340	12	73%
Results by English Proficiency	Status									
English proficient	450	29	268	20	70%	521	41	328	12	73%
Limited English proficient	18	4	7	0	61%	17	1	12	0	76%
Total	468	33	275	20	70%	538	42	340	12	73%
Results by Income Level										
Economically disadvantaged	208	23	92	12	61%	247	29	146	5	73%
Not disadvantaged	260	10	183	8	77%	291	13	194	7	74%
Total	468	33	275	20	70%	538	42	340	12	73%
Results by Migrant Status										
Migrant family	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0%
Not migrant family	468	33	275	20	70%	538	42	340	12	73%
Total	468	33	275	20	70%	538	42	340	12	73%

#### **Cohort Graduation Rates**

Students were counted as graduates if they earned a local diploma with or without a Regents endorsement by August 31<sup>st</sup> of the fourth year after first entering grade 9. The graduation-rate cohort includes students who transferred to general education development (GED) programs. These students were not counted in the district accountability cohort for English and mathematics.

	1999 Col	nort as of	2000 Cohort as of August 31, 2004			
	August	31, 2003				
Student Subgroup	Graduation Rate Cohort	Graduation Rate	Graduation Rate Cohort	Graduation Rate		
Results by Race/Ethnicity						
American Indian/Alaskan Native	0	0%	1	S		
Black	277	51%	288	49%		
Hispanic	24	58%	50	52%		
Asian or Pacific Islander	12	67%	15	S		
White	163	77%	197	83%		
Total	476	61%	551	62%		
Small Group Totals (s)	0	0%	16	69%		
Results by Disability Status						
General-education students	461	62%	482	66%		
Students with disabilities	15	20%	69	35%		
Total	476	61%	551	62%		
Results by Gender		1				
Female	247	63%	290	67%		
Male	229	59%	261	57%		
Total	476	61%	551	62%		
Results by English Proficiency S	tatus					
English proficient	473	S	530	62%		
Limited English proficient	3	S	21	57%		
Total	476	61%	551	62%		
Results by Income Level						
Economically disadvantaged	151	51%	198	60%		
Not disadvantaged	325	66%	353	63%		
Total	476	61%	551	62%		
Results by Migrant Status						
Migrant family	0	0%	0	0%		
Not migrant family	476	61%	551	62%		
Total	476	61%	551	62%		

#### Glossary

Accountability Cohort: An accountability cohort is all students, regardless of grade status, who were enrolled in school on BEDS day two years after the year in which they first entered grade 9, or, in the case of ungraded students with disabilities, the year in which they reached their seventeenth birthday. (For example, the 2001 accountability cohort consists of all students who first entered grade 9 in the fall of 2001 who were enrolled on October 8, 2003). Certain students are not included in the school accountability cohort. Cohort is defined in Section 100.2 (p) (16) of the Commissioner's Regulations.

Component Retests: Component retests were offered in Regents English and Mathematics A to certain students who were at risk of not meeting the State learning standards. Component retesting is the process by which a student who has failed a Regents examination in English or Mathematics A twice is retested only on the areas of the learning standards in which the student has been proven deficient. Component retesting eliminates the need for the student to retake the full Regents examination multiple times. Students who earn credit through component retesting are counted as if they scored in the 55–64 range or in the 65–84 range on the Regents examination, as determined by the component retest results.

**Counts of Students Tested:** "Counts of Students Tested" includes only students who completed sufficient test questions to receive a score.

**Graduation-Rate Cohort:** Graduation-rate cohort for each year includes all students in the accountability cohort in the previous year plus all students excluded from that accountability cohort solely because they transferred to a general education development (GED) program.

Limited English Proficient (LEP) Students: Schools provide special English instruction to students for whom English is a second language so they can participate effectively in the academic program. Beginning in 2003–04, students are considered LEP if, by reason of foreign birth or ancestry, they speak a language other than English and (1) either understand and speak little or no English or (2) score below a state-designated level of proficiency on the Language Assessment Battery-Revised (LAB-R) or the New York State English as a Second Language Achievement Test (NYSESLAT). The United States Department of Education has approved the use of the NYSESLAT as the required measure of language arts proficiency for LEP students in grades 4 and 8 who have attended school in the United States (not including Puerto Rico) for fewer than three consecutive years and for LEP students who have attended for four or five years and have received an exemption from the general assessment requirement.

**New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA):** The district Committee on Special Education designates students with severe cognitive disabilities who meet criteria established in Commissioner's Regulations to take the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA).

**Student Confidentiality/Suppressed Data (# and s):** To ensure student confidentiality, the Department does <u>not</u> publish data for groups with fewer than five students or data that would allow readers to easily determine the performance of a group with fewer than five students. In the *Overview*, the pound character (#) appears when fewer than five students in a group were tested. In the *Analysis*, when fewer than five students in a group (e.g., Hispanic) were tested, percentages of tested students scoring at various levels are suppressed for that group and the next smallest group. Suppressed data are indicated with an **(s)**. However, the performance of tested students in these groups is aggregated and shown in the Small Group Total row.

Validity and Reliability of Small Group Data: It is important that programmatic decisions are based on valid and reliable data. Data for fewer than 30 students in a group may be neither valid nor reliable. If a school does not have 30 students in a grade or a subgroup in a given year, the school should evaluate results for students in this group over a period of years to make programmatic decisions.